

HIV SURVEILLANCE SPECIAL REPORT

HIV Infection Risk, Prevention, and Testing Behaviors Among Men Who Have Sex with Men

National HIV Behavioral Surveillance • 2017



10,104 sexually active gay, bisexual, and other men who have sex with men (MSM) were interviewed in 23 cities with high levels of HIV



Overall, about **1 in 4** were **HIV-positive**

By race/ethnicity, HIV is more common among **Black/African-American** and **Hispanic/Latino** MSM



1 in 3

Black/African-American MSM were **HIV-positive**



1 in 5

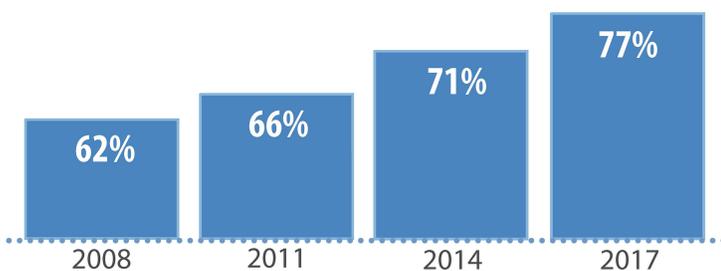
Hispanic/Latino MSM were **HIV-positive**



1 in 6

White MSM were **HIV-positive**

HIV testing in the past 12 months **increased among MSM since 2008**



Surveillance of MSM is conducted every three years.

7 in 10

MSM had anal sex **without a condom** with another man in the past 12 months

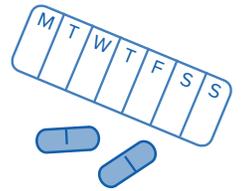


Among HIV-negative MSM, PrEP awareness was high, but usage was low

Overall **PrEP Awareness** was **85%** | Overall **PrEP Use** was **25%**



Pre-exposure prophylaxis (or PrEP) is a pill that, taken daily, **can protect someone from getting HIV.**



By race/ethnicity, past 12-month PrEP use was less common among **Black/African-American** and **Hispanic/Latino** MSM



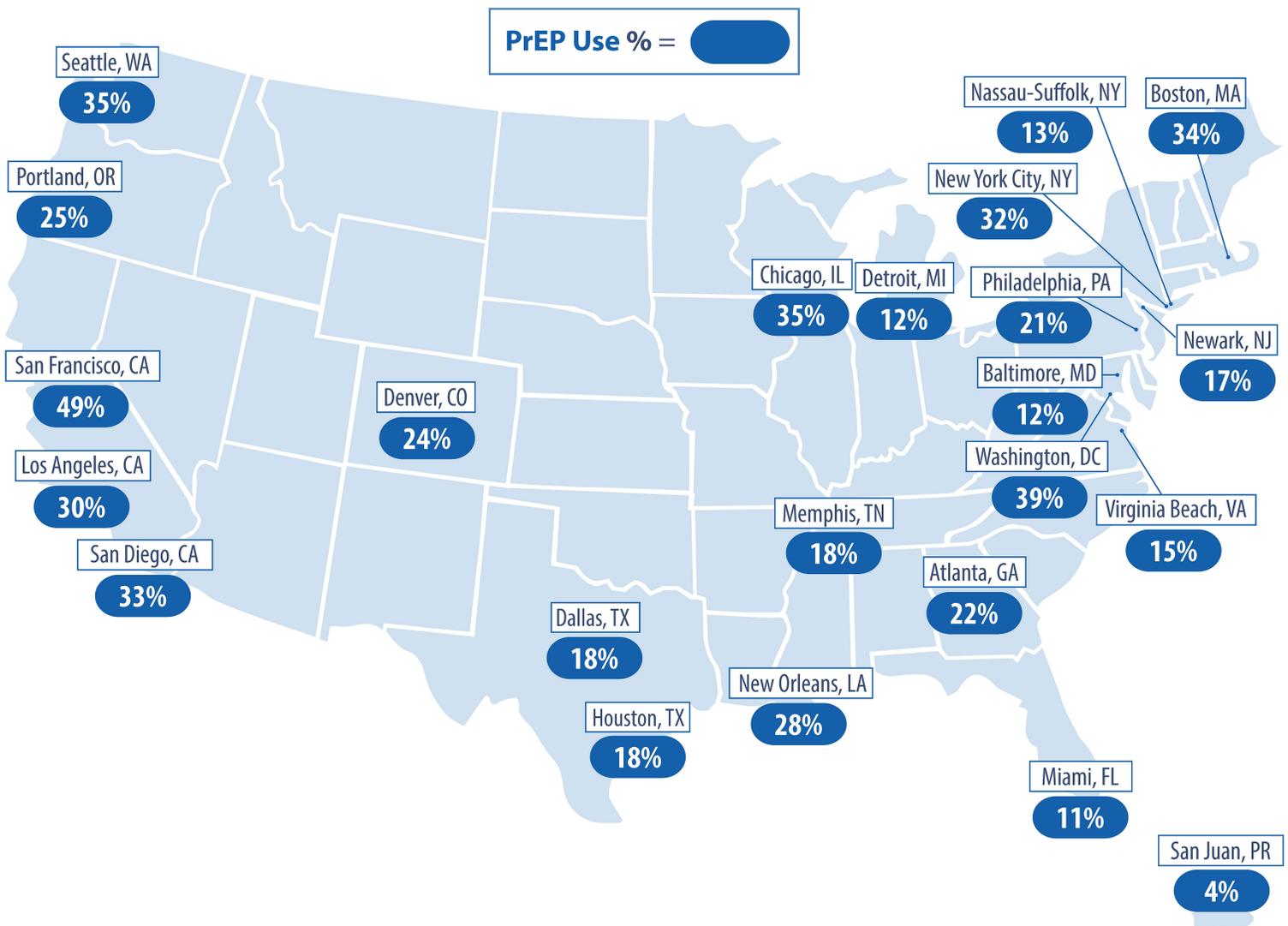
**Black/
African-American**
MSM
took **PrEP**



Hispanic/Latino
MSM
took **PrEP**



White
MSM
took **PrEP**



National HIV Behavioral Surveillance (NHBS) data are used to provide a behavioral context for trends seen in HIV surveillance data and are critical for monitoring the impact of HIV prevention efforts. The work of NHBS is essential for informing HIV prevention efforts at local and national levels by characterizing and monitoring HIV risk behaviors and use of testing and other prevention services.

Read full report: <https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/pdf/library/reports/surveillance/cdc-hiv-surveillance-special-report-number-22.pdf>